

How to write a policy for the Arts

Introduction

Although not a requirement of the Artsmark process we do recommend that you consider writing an overarching policy for the arts for your setting.

The arts policy articulates your setting's commitment to the arts in one document. It brings together information held in your curriculum, your development plans and any other appropriate strategic documents. It is a statement of your ambitions and vision and a description of how you are going to meet your ambitions and vision. It should be written by staff, agreed by governors and reviewed regularly.

By developing an Arts Policy, endorsed by your governing body, our experience and feedback from previous Artsmark Gold awarded schools, has shown that a setting will be able to develop a more overarching framework for arts education provision in all art forms at each key stage including the foundation stage, if applicable.

An arts policy is a statement showing the school's commitment to the arts and its approach to fulfilling this. It does not need to be a long document and is likely to be supported by further policy statements and action plans for individual subject areas.

This document has various elements you might want to consider when writing an arts policy.

Why have an overarching policy for all the arts?

An overarching arts policy can ensure that:

- all children/young people are given an entitlement to a range of high quality arts experiences, whatever their background and ability
- high quality arts provision doesn't just rely on the enthusiasm of individuals but is embedded in the ethos and planning mechanisms of the organisation
- high quality resources are allocated to arts provision, including staff, continual professional development, materials, facilities and equipment and are used effectively
- there is a strategic approach to arts provision which includes the curriculum, outof-hours opportunities, the contribution of the arts to the school environment, working with artists and arts organisations and on-going links with the community
- opportunities to learn about the arts of different cultures are embedded in each curriculum area of the arts
- participation and achievements in the arts, including Arts Award, are recognised and celebrated

Case studies show that arts rich schools value the contribution the arts make to quality of life for children/young people and the unique opportunities offered by the arts for creative self-expression



What should be included in an arts policy?

What's included in an arts policy will vary but some ideas for headings are:

- a mission statement explaining why you include the arts in your provision
- what the particular contribution that you consider the arts make towards children's/young people's education?
- how the arts are defined (this should include, though not exclusively, art and design, dance, drama and music)
- how you provide high quality resources that can be accessed by all children/young people
- a description of pupils' entitlement to the arts at every Key Stage and how they fit into other areas of the curriculum,
- how professional development in the arts will be supported
- the arts and identified groups of young people (eg G&T, SEN)
- how you monitor and evaluate the impact of your provision.

A policy will usually be monitored by Governors or a similar strategic board, the policy could therefore indicate:

- where objectives are to be found (for example in a self evaluation plan for the arts as a whole or in individual subject self evaluation plans)
- when governors agreed the policy
- · when it will be reviewed
- who is responsible for ensuring that the impact of the arts is analysed and data published and celebrated.

Setting aims and objectives

A really useful way to structure your plans in your policy is to identify your key aims and specific objectives, your aims state what you want to achieve and your objectives state how you're going to achieve them, ie the actions you are going to take.

You will want to select a few key aims for your provision, these will very much depend on the type of setting you are in and the young people you work with but which could include:

- engaging with a variety of art forms, to explore values, attitudes, feelings and meanings.
- ensuring all children and young people experience the richness of a broad arts curriculum
- providing every child and young person with opportunity to be inspired by the arts and achieve success through the arts
- allowing children and young people to develop the ability to create, appreciate and make critical judgements about artworks.
- encouraging children and young p to work independently and in teams, to share arts experiences and present artworks to others.

- supporting children and young people to develop an understanding of the role of the arts in society, including as a career.
- strengthening partnerships and building new partnerships which make the arts sustainable and bring benefit to children, young people and the wider community
- nurturing artistic talent and develop children's young people's transferable life skills that arise from successful arts education, including the creative use of imagination and considered risk taking, co-operation, tenacity, flexibility and responsibility as well as leadership and entrepreneurial skills
- increasing active and independent involvement in cultural opportunities.

Below we have given an example of four of the aims detailed above and how those translate into objectives, these objectives link across to the Artsmark criteria for schools.

Aims	Objectives
Aim one – to ensure all children and young people experience the richness of a broad arts curriculum	 provide a minimum of 12% of curriculum time dedicated to the arts including art and design, dance, drama and music at Key Sages 1, 2 and 3 offer up to four arts subjects leading to certification at Key Stage 4 offer a minimum of three courses leading to accreditation in the arts for all Post 16 students encourage all young people to take at least one arts subject at Key Stage 4 leading to accreditation at Key Stage 4 provide access to art and design or music or drama or dance at Key Stage 4 and Post 16 through extracurricular opportunities, if is not offered as an accredited subject offer opportunities for children/young people to take the Arts Award through the formal curriculum and extra-curricular activities provide a rich variety of other regular opportunities in the arts for those who do not choose to take an arts subject at Key Stage 4 or at Post 16. provide a minimum of one extra-curricular arts activity for Year 2 children provide a minimum of three extra-curricular arts activities for all children at Key Stage 2 (and KS3) provide a minimum of six extra-curricular arts activities for all children at Key Stage 3, 4 and Post 16 across a minimum of two art forms
Aim two – to provide every child and young person with opportunity to be inspired by the arts	ensure targets for the arts are always included in our school improvement plan and all arts subjects have measurable targets that aim high and are monitored and reviewed in line with all subjects.

and achieve success through the arts

- ensure our arts facilities and resources are of the highest quality and accessible to the full range of children/young people including those who have special needs, are carers or are hard to reach
- recruit high quality arts specialist teachers for each of our arts subjects (as appropriate if you teach key stages that use specialist teachers)
- recruit specialist arts teachers or if necessary provide additional support for non-specialists through our CPD and partnerships programme (other schools)
- provide children/young people with opportunities to experience the work of professional artists through visits to arts organisations, workshops with artists and other partnerships at least three times at each key stage
- have in place systematically (see all units of work)
 planned opportunities provided by the arts for students
 to know and celebrate the range of world cultures that
 are reflected in the arts through local, regional, national
 and international sources
- ensure all teachers and support staff have opportunities for professional development in the arts that inspires their own creativity and keeps them abreast of innovation in the arts as well as developments in wider education on at least an annual basis
- explore innovative ways for children/young people to express their ideas and work using performance media and technology each arts subject

Aim three – to strengthen partnerships and build new partnerships which make the arts sustainable and bring benefit to children, young people and the wider community

- establish and build on contacts/partnerships within commerce and industry in our local community
- plan programmes and other events with partner schools to sustain and increase opportunities for all.
- provide opportunities for the wider community of school/ - staff, governors, parents and other carers, local schools industry etc to inform and have access to our schools arts programme through performances, workshops, exhibitions, concerts and the internet offering at least one of these each term

Aim four – to nurture artistic talent and develop children's young people's transferable life skills that arise from successful arts education, including

- systematically apply all previously listed objectives
- provide opportunities for our children/young people to influence what is included in our provision in the arts (eg through the students forum which meets each month)
- provide our students with access to opportunities that celebrate their achievements in the arts including through the Arts Award

the creative use of imagination and considered risk taking, co-operation, tenacity, flexibility and responsibility as well as leadership and entrepreneurial skills

- provide opportunities for young people to create, develop and market performance events
- ensure young people are informed about employment in the arts at each key stage and have pathways to future careers in the arts through partnerships with artists and arts organisations, Arts award, career events, work based placements and apprenticeships and regular links with FE and HE courses and qualifications.

Other support available

Please see the <u>interactive modules</u> for a specific module on how you might go about developing and implementing an arts policy.

In the <u>Artsmark network resources library</u> is a selection of example policies so you can see how other settings have written theirs.